



Effective Date: 11/03; Rev. 11/06, 02/12, 12/12, 09/13, 02/15, 03/18, 09/19

POLICY: All Iowa Health System, d/b/a UnityPoint Health and Iowa Health Accountable Care, L.C., d/b/a Unity Point Accountable Care, L.C. (ACO) (collectively “UPH”) Officers, Directors, and Key Employees must disclose to applicable Directors any potential Conflicts of Interest as they develop. Disclosure Questionnaires must be completed on an annual basis, however, the duty to disclose potential conflicts is ongoing.

SCOPE: This Policy is adopted by UPH and is applicable to all corporate entities within UPH. Disclosure Questionnaires shall be completed on an annual basis by all Officers, Directors, and Key Employees of UPH corporate entities (Covered Persons for purposes of this Policy). This Policy and/or the disclosure questionnaires may be excepted for certain entities by the Conflict Review Committee.

BACKGROUND: UPH has adopted this system wide Policy for the purpose of setting forth organizational beliefs and policy with respect to Conflicts of Interest; identifying those corporate entities and individuals subject to certain requirements under the Policy; and explaining the requirements and activities associated with identifying and ethically resolving Conflicts of Interest on the part of individuals affiliated with the organization.

For UPH entities, excluding ACO, identification and resolution of Conflicts of Interest which may exist on the part of Directors, Officers, and Key Employees is required by standards promulgated by The Joint Commission, the Internal Revenue Code and Treasury Regulations governing tax-exempt organizations, and by requirements placed upon providers by Medicare and Medicaid program regulations. UPH has adopted this Policy not only to meet the above-stated requirements, but also as a matter of ethics, corporate responsibility, sound management practice, and to afford protection, where available, in cases in which some duality of interest exists. In such situations, full and timely disclosure of the individual’s interests in connection with transactions which are otherwise proper and fair to the organization provides protection against individual liability.

For ACO, identification and resolution of Conflicts of Interest which may exist on the part of Managers, Officers, Key Employees, and certain providers is required by the regulations which establish the Medicare Shared Savings Program (“MSSP”), the Pioneer ACO Model, and the Next Generation ACO Model, and by requirements placed upon providers by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation, and the Seamless Care Models Group (“Medicare/Medicaid Program(s)”) regulations, contracted requirements and program guidance. The Board of Managers has adopted this Policy not only to meet the above-stated requirements, but also as a matter of ethics, corporate responsibility, sound management practice, and to afford protection, where available, in cases in which some duality of interest exists. In such situations, full and timely disclosure of the individual’s

interests in connection with transactions which are otherwise proper and fair to the organization provides protection against individual liability.

The UPH approach to identification and resolution of Conflicts of Interest includes the following elements: Resolution of the UPH Board of Directors in regard to Conflicts of Interest; Article V, Section 6, Paragraph (b) of the UPH Corporate Bylaws assigning Conflicts of Interest responsibilities to the Board Development Committee; this Policy, and Disclosure Questionnaires completed annually by individuals subject to disclosure requirements under this Policy, the Internal Revenue Code, or Medicare/Medicaid program regulations.

As part of UPH's operations, it shall periodically review the tax-exempt organizations to assure that they are operating in a manner consistent with their charitable purposes and that their operations do not result in private inurement or improper private benefit. Included in this review shall be the following aspects of tax-exempt organizations' operations: compensation and benefits programs; physician recruitment and physician practice acquisition activities; partnership and joint venture arrangements; management service organization and physician hospital organization arrangements; and agreements to provide healthcare. The purpose of the review shall be to assure that all such activities and agreements reflect reasonable compensation and payment; that the arrangements further the organizations' charitable purposes; and that the activities and agreements do not result in private inurement or confer an improper or excess private benefit.

1. Definitions.

- 1.1 Chair. The highest ranking Officer of a UPH entity, whether denominated Chair, President, or some other title.
- 1.2 UPH. The entities(s) comprising UnityPoint Health, including the ACO, that an Officer, Director, or Key Employee is affiliated with Entities include a subsidiary or affiliated entity in which UPH, directly or indirectly, holds more than a fifty percent (50%) voting or control interest.
- 1.3 Compensation. Includes direct and indirect remuneration, in cash or in kind (including royalties, consulting fees, speaking fees and research grants); provided, however, that Compensation does not include gifts, meals, and business courtesies that are permitted under Policy 1.CE.14, Gifts and Business Courtesies.
- 1.4 Conflicts of Interest. Circumstances described below in Section 2 of this Policy.
- 1.5 Covered Persons. All Officers, Directors, and Key Employees of UPH.
- 1.6 Directors. All Board of Directors members of any UPH entity, Board of Trustees, and Board of Managers of ACO, including members of the medical staff serving as Directors.

- 1.7 Family Member. The family members of an individual, including spouse; ancestors (parent, grandparent, etc.); brothers and sisters (whole or half) and their spouses; children (natural or adopted) and their spouses; grandchildren, great-grandchildren and their spouses; and persons with whom the individual maintains a personal relationship approximating a family relationship.
- 1.8 Key Employee. Any person having responsibilities, powers, or influence over the organization as a whole that is similar to those of Officers and Directors; or any person that manages a significant segment or activity of the organization as measured by assets, income, or expenses; or any person that controls or determines a significant amount of the organizations capital expenditures, operating budget or compensation. UPH will periodically determine who is a Key Employee.
- 1.9 Material Ownership Interest. An interest involving either the direct ownership or holding of indebtedness or the ownership of capital stock, obligations, or a combination of both having an aggregate value in excess of five percent (5%) of the total assets of UPH in which the interest is held.
- 1.10 Officers. For purposes of this Policy and the annual Disclosure Questionnaires, officers of the Boards and officers of the company shall be those individuals defined in the organization's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws or other organizing documents and such other officers and assistant officers as the Board deems necessary.
- 1.11 Outside Activities. Includes service as a Director, trustee, Officer, owner, committee member, employee, independent contractor, consultant, advisor, agent, or similar position with another organization (regardless of whether the organization is charitable or for-profit in nature).
- 1.12 Referral Source. Any person or entity that is a source or potential source of patient referrals to UPH, such as physicians who refer patients to UPH for services.
- 1.13 Vendor/Referral Recipient. Any person or entity that sells to or obtains health care business or referrals from UPH, or potentially could sell to or obtain health care business of referrals from UPH, including pharmaceutical companies, medical device companies, hospitals, nursing homes, ambulatory surgical centers, imaging facilities, health care supplies, non-medical suppliers and their employees or agents.

APPLICATION OF POLICY:

2. Types of Conflicts of Interest. Conflicts of Interest are those circumstances in which the personal interests of a Covered Person may potentially or actually conflict with the

interests of UPH or may be perceived as potentially conflicting with the interests of UPH. Personal interests include not only the Covered Person's own interests but also include those of the Covered Person's Family Member. A Conflict of Interest only exists when the appropriate board or committee of UPH decides that a Conflict of Interest exists.

3. Creation of Conflicts of Interest. For purposes of this Policy, the following circumstances shall be deemed to create potential Conflicts of Interest:

3.1 Relationships that May Cause a Conflict of Interest. A Covered Person may have a Conflict of Interest in a contract or transaction if the Covered Person or Covered Person's Family Member is contracting, dealing, or negotiating on behalf of an entity that seeks to do business or does business with UPH, or if the Covered Person or Covered Person's Family Member is a potential Director, Officer, or general partner in, has an actual or potential ownership interest, Material Ownership Interest, or a Compensation arrangement with, the entity contracting, dealing or negotiating with UPH, or is a Referral Source or a Vendor/Referral Recipient. In responding to the Conflict of Interest Disclosure Questionnaire, Covered Persons may respond to the Disclosure Questionnaire based on their current, general knowledge. Specific inquiries to Family Members are not necessary. Further, a Conflict of Interest may exist if a Covered Person performs work or renders services outside the normal course of his or her role at UPH for any competitor of UPH unless the individual has obtained the approval of an executive officer or the Board Chair of the applicable UPH entity. A Covered Person shall not be a Director, Officer, employee or consultant of any competing organizations, nor permit his or her name to be used in any fashion that would tend to indicate a business connection with such organization.

3.2 Gifts & Gratuities. A Covered Person may have a Conflict of Interest if the individual or the Family Member is provided with a gift, gratuity, or favor of a substantial nature from a person or entity that does business or seeks to do business with UPH. If the Covered Person were to accept personal gifts, substantial entertainment, or other substantial favors from any outside entity that does business with UPH, is a competitor of UPH, or is negotiating a transaction or arrangement with UPH, it could, under certain circumstances, give rise to a claim that such action was intended to influence or would possibly influence an individual in the performance of his or her duties. (This does not include the personal acceptance of items of nominal or minor value that are clearly tokens of respect or friendship and are not related to any particular transaction or activity of UPH.) Further, a Covered Person may have a conflict if the individual is gratuitously provided use of the facilities, property, or services of UPH.

3.3 Inside Information. A Conflict of Interest may exist if a Covered Person or the Family Member discloses or uses confidential or inside information of or about

UPH, particularly for the Covered Person's profit or advantage of the Covered Person or a Family Member.

- 3.4 Financial Interests. A Conflict of Interest may exist when a Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member directly or indirectly benefits as a result of a decision, policy or transaction made by UPH. For example, when a Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member has ownership in or is employed by any outside entity which does business with UPH, a Conflict of Interest may exist. This does not apply to stock or other investments held in a publicly held corporation, provided the value of the stock or other investments does not exceed five percent (5%) of the corporation's stock. UPH may, following a review of the relevant facts, permit ownership interests which exceed these amounts if UPH's Directors or applicable compliance officer concludes such ownership interests will not adversely impact UPH's business interest or the judgment of the Covered Person. Another example of a potential Conflict of Interest would be where UPH contracts to purchase or lease goods, services, or properties from a Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member. A third example of a potential Conflict of Interest would be where UPH either refers business, such as patients for health care services, to a Covered Person or Covered Person's Family Member, or receives referrals of business from a Covered Person or Covered Person's Family Member. Financial interests are not necessarily a Conflict of Interest. A financial Conflict of Interest exists only when the Board decides a Covered Person with a financial interest has a Conflict of Interest.
- 3.5 Non-Financial Interests. A Covered Person may have a Conflict of Interest where a Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member obtains a non-financial benefit or advantage that the individual or Family Member would not have obtained absent his or her relationship with UPH. Examples include:
- 3.5.1 A Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member seeks to obtain preferential treatment by UPH or recognition for himself or herself or another Covered Person;
- 3.5.2 Representation of UPH by a Covered Person in any transaction in which he or she or a Covered Person's Family Member has a substantial personal interest; and
- 3.5.3 Competition with UPH by a Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member, directly or indirectly, in the purchase, sale or ownership of property or property rights or interests, or business investment opportunities.
- 3.6 Outside Activities. A Conflict of Interest may exist where a Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member engages in Outside Activities that conflict with the best interests of UPH, resulting in direct or indirect benefit to

the Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member engaging in such conduct.

- 3.7 Corporate Opportunity. A Conflict of Interest may exist when a Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member seeks to take advantage of a corporate opportunity or enables another interested person or other organization to take advantage of a corporate opportunity that he or she has reason to believe would be of interest to UPH. For purposes of this Policy, corporate opportunity means a business opportunity presented to an Officer, Director, or Key Employee that:
- 3.7.1 UPH is financially able to undertake;
 - 3.7.2 is in UPH's line of business and would be of practical value to UPH;
 - 3.7.3 UPH has an interest in or reasonable expectation of the opportunity, and the Officer, Director, or Key Employee, by taking the opportunity, will create a conflict with UPH; and
 - 3.7.4 the opportunity, in fairness, should belong to UPH.
- Full disclosure of any such situation or any other circumstances in doubt should be made to avoid any possible appearance of conflict and permit an impartial and objective review. A business opportunity that comes to a Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member in his or her individual capacity, is not essential to UPH, and is one UPH has no interest or expectancy in, is not a corporate opportunity for purposes of this Policy.
- 3.8 Personal Service to UPH. Each Covered Person serves UPH in strictly an individual capacity. He or she shall not serve in a representative capacity as the agent of, or as a spokesperson for, another agency or organization that may be interested in UPH, or any of its affiliates.
- 3.9 Additional Potential Conflicts of Interest. Many other circumstances which could not possibly be listed here could give rise to a potential Conflict of Interest. These would include any instances where the actions or activities of a Covered Person or the Covered Person's Family Member involve obtaining an improper gain or advantage, or have an adverse effect on UPH's interests.
4. Determining Whether a Conflict of Interest Exists. Every Conflict of Interest, once recognized, must be evaluated. It may, in some instances, be so serious that it prevents the further participation by the individual in the Company's deliberations. On the other hand, it may be of little or no significance if it has been disclosed. If there is a question in the mind of the individual as to whether a particular duality of interest should be disclosed, it should be disclosed.

5. Disclosures.

- 5.1 Initial Disclosure. Upon election, appointment, or the beginning of the term of employment or other contract, individuals newly affiliated with UPH and other entities subject to this Policy shall be oriented on and receive a Disclosure Questionnaire (*see Attachment "A"*) to be completed and promptly returned to the applicable compliance leader and subsequently forwarded to Internal Audit Services for processing.
- 5.2 Annual Process to Disclose Conflicts.
- 5.2.1 Each UPH entity will determine which Key Employees will be required to complete their Disclosure Questionnaire.
- 5.2.2 The Internal Audit Services Department of System Services shall send Disclosure Questionnaires to all Officers, Directors, and Key Employees. Persons required to report who have not returned a Disclosure Questionnaire will be contacted and follow-up will continue on a regular basis in an effort to receive complete and accurate responses from all persons. The information disclosed will be used to identify potential Conflicts of Interest and to assist in completing Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and Medicare questionnaires.
- 5.2.3 The annual Disclosure Questionnaires will include and will acknowledge that the Officer, Director, or Key Employee:
- 5.2.3.1 has access to copies of policies 1.CE.02, Code of Conduct, and 1.CE.03, Conflict of Interest;
- 5.2.3.2 has read and understands the policies;
- 5.2.3.3 agrees to comply with the policies; and
- 5.2.3.4 understands that the policies apply to all committees and subcommittees having board-delegated powers.
- 5.3 Ongoing Duty to Disclose. The duty to identify and disclose potential Conflicts of Interest is a duty that is ongoing. All Officers, Directors, and Key Employees shall immediately disclose such potential conflict or duality of interest as soon as the interest occurs. Disclosure should be made to the Covered Person's supervisor, the Chief Executive Officer of relevant UPH entity, applicable UPH Compliance Officer, or the Board Chair of UPH, as applicable. The leader receiving the disclosure should then report the potential conflict to Internal Audit Services.

6. Compensation Decisions.

6.1 Applicable UPH Entities excluding ACO;

6.1.1 Practicing physicians who receive, directly or indirectly, Compensation from UPH for services as employees or independent contractors, may not participate in the determination of any physician Compensation decisions by any board or committee of which they are a member.

6.2 Applicable to ACO only;

6.2.1 Inherent in the nature of an accountable care organization, in which participants in the accountable care organization must maintain substantial control over governance, is the likelihood that Covered Persons will make decisions that impact, financially or otherwise, Covered Persons or entities related to Covered Persons. As such, the disclosure of potential conflicts of interest is expected and central to the integrity of the actions of the accountable care organization. However, the existence of an interest and even a conflict of interest may not by itself prevent a Covered Person from participating in the decision making of the ACO. In the event that an interest is identified that may give rise to a conflict of interest, UPH should follow the processes set forth in this Policy to evaluate the potential conflict of interest. Furthermore, Covered Persons who receive direct Compensation from ACO for services as employees or independent contractors, may not participate in the determination of any Compensation decisions by any board or committee of which they are a member.

6.3 No physician, either individually or collectively, is prohibited from providing information to any board or committee regarding physician Compensation.

6.4 A voting member of a board or committee with responsibilities for determining Compensation shall not participate in the committee's determination of that member's Compensation.

6.5 Executive Compensation decisions will be made by a committee composed entirely of independent members of the Board of Directors who do not have a Conflict of Interest with respect to the Compensation arrangement or by a designee of the committee who does not have a Conflict of Interest with respect to the Compensation arrangement.

7. Applicable UPH Entity Compliance Review Process.

7.1 The specific duties of the applicable UPH compliance officer or designee shall include, but not be limited to, adhering to the following process to address any conflicts that arise:

- 7.1.1 Review all annual Disclosure Questionnaires and interim supplemental disclosures from designated categories of persons within the applicable UPH entity who are subject to this Policy;
 - 7.1.2 Identify potential Conflicts of Interest disclosed in such annual Disclosure Questionnaires or interim disclosures and determine whether a Conflict of Interest exists;
 - 7.1.3 Investigate and evaluate, as necessary, potential Conflicts of Interest contained in annual Disclosure Questionnaires or interim disclosures; and
 - 7.1.4 Report findings, conclusions, and recommendations to the Conflicts Review Committee.
8. Conflicts Review Committee.
- 8.1 A UPH committee consisting of the Director of Internal Audit Services, Director of Tax, UPH Compliance Officer, UPH Compliance Director and the General Counsel shall carry out the responsibilities described below for all corporations within UPH.
 - 8.2 When the annual disclosures or interim disclosures of either of the members of the Conflicts Review Committee are being reviewed, the member being reviewed shall be replaced by the President of UPH.
 - 8.3 The Conflicts Review Committee will process and evaluate annual disclosures and additional reporting.
 - 8.4 The specific duties of the Conflicts Review Committee shall include, but not be limited to, adhering to the following process to address any conflicts that arise:
 - 8.4.1 review all annual disclosures submitted by the affiliate or UPH compliance officer or designee and interim supplemental disclosures from designated categories of persons within UPH who are subject to this Policy;
 - 8.4.2 identify potential Conflicts of Interest disclosed in such annual disclosures or interim disclosures and determine whether a potential Conflict of Interest exists;
 - 8.4.3 investigate and evaluate, as necessary, potential Conflicts of Interest contained in annual disclosures or interim disclosures;

8.4.4 report findings, conclusions, and recommendations to the Directors of applicable UPH Board for decision and action, which shall be the process to address any conflicts that arise; and

8.4.5 assure the necessary information is reported to the IRS.

9. Specific Transaction Procedures.

9.1 Any duality of interest or possible Conflict of Interest on the part of any organizational Officer, Director, or Key Employee together with all material facts, should be disclosed to applicable Directors and made a matter of record, either through an annual procedure or when the interest occurs or becomes a matter of Board action.

9.2 Whenever it is proposed that a UPH entity enter into a transaction with a covered person or company, the UPH Conflict of Interest Administrative Approval Procedure UnityPoint Health and Affiliates (*see Attachment "B"*) must be followed

9.3 Any organizational Officer, Director, or Key Employee having a Conflict of Interest in any matter should not be present during general discussion nor vote or use his or her personal influence on the matter, and he or she should not be counted in determining the existence of a quorum for purposes of the matter or item as to which a conflict exists. The applicable Board should exclude the individual from any discussion or vote in which the Board decides whether or not a Conflict of Interest exists.

9.4 The foregoing requirements should not be construed as preventing the organizational Officer, Director, or Key Employee from briefly stating his or her position on the matter, nor from answering pertinent questions of other Board members, since his or her knowledge may be of great assistance, but after doing so, he or she should leave the meeting.

9.5 In cases in which an Officer, Director, Key Employee, or the Family Member has a Conflict of Interest in an arrangement or transaction, the following additional steps may be taken at the direction of applicable Directors:

9.5.1 After disclosure of the financial interest and all material facts, and after any discussion with the interested person, he or she shall leave the applicable Board or committee meeting while the determination of a Conflict of Interest is discussed and voted upon. The remaining Board or committee members shall decide if a Conflict of Interest exists.

9.5.2 A disinterested person or committee may be appointed to investigate alternatives to the proposed arrangement or transaction.

- 9.5.3 In order to approve the arrangement or transaction, the applicable Board must first find, by majority vote of disinterested members, that the arrangement or transaction is in UPH's best interest, is fair and reasonable to UPH, and, after reasonable investigation, the disinterested members have determined that a more advantageous transaction or arrangement cannot be obtained with reasonable efforts under the circumstances.
- 9.6 The minutes of the applicable Board and all committees with Board-delegated powers shall contain:
 - 9.6.1 The names of the persons who disclosed or otherwise were found to have a financial interest in connection with an actual or possible Conflict of Interest, the nature of the financial interest, any action taken to determine whether a Conflict of Interest was present, and the Board's or committee's decision as to whether a Conflict of Interest in fact existed.
 - 9.6.2 The names of the persons who were present for discussions and votes relating to the transaction or arrangement, the content of the discussion, including any alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement, and a record of any votes taken in connection therewith.
- 9.7 In order to protect UPH's best interests, appropriate disciplinary and/or remedial action may be taken with respect to an Officer, Director, or Key Employee who violates Policy 1.CE.03, Conflict of Interest.
- 10. Related Policies/Reviews.
 - 10.1 Policy 1.CE.02, Code of Conduct.
 - 10.2 Policy 1.CE.06, Reporting and Investigating Dishonest, Illegal, or Fraudulent Activities.
 - 10.3 Policy 1.CE.01, Corporate Compliance Program.

/s/ Kevin E. Vermeer

Kevin E. Vermeer
UPH President

Attachment “A” to Policy 1.CE.03, Conflict of Interest

**CONFLICT OF INTEREST
DISCLOSURE/QUESTIONNAIRE**

Name _____

As a leader at UnityPoint Health “UPH”, you are asked to complete this questionnaire to comply with the Conflict of Interest Policy.

The IRS and states have enacted rules for nonprofit organizations that are intended to ensure individuals in leadership positions are acting in a manner that furthers the organizations’ charitable purposes and not their own private interest. This questionnaire is intended to help identify relationships and transactions that may require special documentation, approval and/or disclosure. By completing this form, you help reduce the risk to leaders of being subject to substantial IRS penalties and/or the loss of UnityPoint Health’s tax-exempt status.

When completing the information in this questionnaire, please answer considering any transaction during the past calendar year, or anticipated in the current calendar year. The Director of Internal Audit Services can assist with questions at (515) 241-6120.

After completing the questions, please electronically sign, date, and submit the questionnaire.

Because of the following positions with *UPH*, you are being asked to complete this questionnaire. Please note that your potential role with the ACO is included as well.

UPH Entity	Your Position	Confirm Position	
		Yes	No
Example: UnityPoint – Finley Hospital	Member of Board of Directors	X	

Definitions. (See Policy 1.CE.03, Conflict of Interest, for further information and definitions):

“Family Member” The family members of the individual completing this form, including spouse; ancestors (parent, grandparent, etc.); brothers and sisters (whole or half) and their spouses; children (natural or adopted) and their spouses; and grandchildren, great-grandchildren and their spouses; and persons with who the individual maintains a personal relationship approximating a family relationship.

“UnityPoint Health” or “UPH” The entities(s) comprising UnityPoint Health, including Iowa Health Accountable Care, L.C. d/b/a UnityPoint Accountable Care, L.C. (“ACO”), that an Officer, Director, or Key Employee is affiliated. Entities include a subsidiary or affiliated entity in which UPH, directly or indirectly, holds more than a fifty percent (50%) voting or control interest. See the attached list (Appendix 1).

1. Did you, a **Family Member**, or an organization controlled 35% or more by you and/or a **Family Member**, have any business transactions with an **UPH** entity?

Examples of transactions include but not limited to: LLCs/corporations (controlled 35% or more by you and your family), joint ventures (where UPH and you/family are both members – see **JV List** to help), sale contracts, lease, license, insurance and performance of services, etc.

Parties to the Transaction and Relationship to You	Description of Transaction	Estimated Transaction Amount	Was Transaction Disclosed to UPH Prior to Entering Into Transaction? (Y/N)

2. Did you, a **Family Member**, or an organization controlled 35% or more by you and/or a **Family Member**, receive grants or other assistance from an **UPH** entity?

Examples are scholarships, fellowships, discounts on services, internships, prizes and awards.

Parties to the Assistance and Relationship to You	Purpose of the Assistance	Estimated Assistance Amount

3. Did you, a **Family Member**, or an organization controlled 35% or more by you and/or a **Family Member** have a loan with an **UPH** entity outstanding any time during the current or prior year.

Examples are recruitment loans treated as a forgivable loan. Does not include loans related to medical services received.

Parties to the Assistance and Relationship to You	Purpose of the Assistance	Estimated Assistance Amount

4. Are you aware of any **Family Member(s)** who currently, or in the past year, worked as an employee for a **UPH** entity?

No___ Yes___ If yes, provide the name(s) of the **Family Member(s)** and description of the relationship below:

Name of Family Member	Position at UPH	UPH Employer
Example: Mary Smith	Director, Medical Records	UnityPoint – St. Luke’s Methodist Hospital

5. Are you aware of any family relationship or business relationship between you (including your **Family Member(s)**) and other UPH board members, officers and key employees shown on the attached list (including their **Family Member(s)**)?

A “business relationship”, for purposes of the following question, includes employment, contractual relationships, leadership overlap (e.g., in leadership positions at same organization) ownership overlap, or an unusual business/personal transaction. Again, the relationship may be direct or indirect via your or the other person’s Family Member(s) and/or an entity you identified yourself as being affiliated with in Section II. Refer to the attached for examples.

For purposes of this question, do not report any “ordinary course of business” transactions that were conducted during the ordinary operation of either party’s business, on the same terms as those generally offered to the public. To the extent there is particular concerns about confidentiality, please indicate the other person’s name and write “confidential” in the description of relationships. Relationships such as attorney/client, medical professional/patient, and/or clergy/penitent should not be reported at all.

No___ Yes___ If yes, provide detail below.

Name Of Your Family Member if applicable	Other Person with UPH Position/Affiliation	Description Of Relationship Family or Business

6. Are you aware of any transaction in which you, your **Family Member**, or an entity you are affiliated with or disclose information relating to the business of **UPH** for personal interest, profit, or advantage?

No___ Yes___ If yes, please explain below:

Organization	Description of Transaction

7. Are you aware of any transaction in which you, your **Family Member** was employed by, affiliated with or otherwise involved in a business that is the same as or related to **UPH**'s business (e.g., a medical practice or other health care provider).

Examples include:

- *Competitors*
- *any person or entity that is a source or potential source of patient referrals to UPH, such as physicians who refer patients to UPH for services, or*
- *any person or entity that sells to or obtains health care business or referrals from UPH, or potentially could sell to or obtain health care business of referrals from UPH, including pharmaceutical companies, medical device companies, hospitals, nursing homes, ambulatory surgical centers, imaging facilities, health care supplies, non-medical suppliers and their employees or agents.*

No ___ Yes ___ If yes, please explain below:

Individual/Organization Name	Description of Transaction/Relationship

8. Did you or a **Family Member** accept a gift of more than nominal value from any person or entity doing or seeking to do business with **UPH**, the acceptance of which could reasonably be interpreted as having been given to influence you or **UPH** to act favorably towards the person or entity regarding business with **UPH**?

No ___ Yes ___ If yes, please explain below:

Organization	Description of Gift	Estimated Dollar Amount	Was Transaction Disclosed to UPH Prior to Entering into Transaction? (Y/N)

9. Are you or have you been engaged in any activities or circumstances not referred to in prior answers, from which it might reasonably be inferred that there is a potential Conflict of Interest or that might reasonably give rise to an assertion that you influenced or attempted to influence any activity: (a) for your direct or indirect benefit; or (b) that was or is not in the best interests of *UPH*?

No____ Yes____ If yes, please explain below:

Individual/Organization Name	Description of Transaction/Relationship	Estimated Dollar Amount	Was Transaction Disclosed to <i>UPH</i> Prior to Entering Into Transaction? (Y/N)

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT

I acknowledge that:

- I have read and understand the *UnityPoint Health* Conflict of Interest and Code of Conduct Policies.
- I agree to comply with the Policies.
- I understand that the Policies also apply to all committee and subcommittees having board-designated powers.
- I understand that *UnityPoint Health* is a charitable, tax-exempt organization, and in order to maintain its tax-exempt status, it must continuously engage primarily in activities which accomplish one or more of its tax exempt purposes.
- I understand that *UnityPoint Health* is required by the IRS to report compensation of certain individuals and that the amount of compensation I received as an employee or independent contractor may be reported on the annual Form 990, which is open to public disclosure.
- To my knowledge, I have answered the questions correctly and have provided complete and accurate information.
- Also, where asked, I have answered questions correctly and have provided complete and accurate information related to my relationships with *UnityPoint Health's* affiliated accountable care organization.

I agree to promptly report to the Board Chair, President, internal auditor or general counsel any changes in circumstances that may give rise to, or create, a Conflict of Interest prior to completion of the next annual Disclosure/Questionnaire.

Signature

Date

Attachment “B” to Policy 1.CE.03, Conflict of Interest**UPH CONFLICT OF INTEREST****ADMINISTRATIVE APPROVAL PROCEDURE
UNITYPOINT HEALTH AND AFFILIATES**

The Board of Directors of UnityPoint Health (“UPH”) has adopted Policy 1.CE.03, Conflict of Interest (the “Policy”). In accordance with the Policy, each Director or other Key Employee has completed a Conflict of Interest Disclosure Questionnaire. Under the Policy, certain procedures must be followed prior to a UPH entity entering into a transaction where a conflict may exist with respect to a Director, Officer, Key Employee, or Reporting Physician of UPH or its affiliated entities. These procedures require that certain standards be met before such transactions go forward.

A list of individuals and companies for whom a conflict relationship has been determined to exist can be obtained from your Compliance Officer. Whenever it is proposed that a UPH entity enter into a transaction with a person or company on this list, the Policy applies. In addition, there may be other persons or companies not identified on this list for which a Conflict of Interest exists. The Manager approving the transaction should attempt to identify any such persons or companies, even if they are not reflected on the list. The list will be updated periodically.

In implementing this Policy, the Board Development Committee of the UPH Board has determined as follows:

1. For transactions of less than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) in total amount, individually or in the aggregate for a calendar year, management is authorized to enter into such transactions so long as the transaction can be entered into in accordance with the standards in the Policy, but without any further review by the relevant UPH entity Board or the Conflicts Review Committee.
2. For transactions which individually or in the aggregate exceed Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000), but are less than Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000) in a calendar year, management is authorized to enter into such transactions so long as an appropriate memorandum (Attachment 1) is prepared in the transaction file which reflects an analysis and favorable conclusion in accordance with the standard described in the Policy. Such memoranda should be retained in a conflicts file and forwarded to the Conflicts Review Committee for recordkeeping and subsequent review purposes.
3. For any transactions in excess of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000), individually or in the aggregate, an appropriate memorandum (Attachment 1) should be prepared in the transaction file which reflects an analysis and favorable conclusion in accordance with the standard described in the Policy, and this memorandum should

be reviewed and approved by the Board Development Committee and/or the relevant UPH entity Board.

4. If management has a specific concern about a transaction not subject to Board or Conflicts Review Committee approval because it falls under items 1 or 2 above, management should err on the side of preparing a memorandum as described above and presenting the transaction to the Conflicts Review Committee or the relevant UPH entity Board for review and approval.

Attached as Attachment 1 is a form for Documentation for Authorization of Conflict Transactions to be completed by the responsible person (the purchasing officer or the person authorizing the transaction). This form should be completed for all transactions involving a conflict relationship--even if, as a result of the size of the transaction, no Board or Conflicts Review Committee approval is required.

ATTACHMENT 1

Administrative Approval Procedure - Memorandum

Documentation for Authorization of Conflict Transactions:

- 1. Name of other party to the transaction:

- 2. Description of purchase/transaction:

- 3. Person responsible for purchasing/transaction decision:

- 4. Estimated total value of purchase/transaction: \$_____

If there was a formal bidding process, answer questions 5 through 8; if there was not a bidding process, answer questions 9 through 12.

- 5. Was there a formal bidding process? Yes No
- 6. Did all qualified entities have a reasonable opportunity to receive the bid documents and respond? Yes No
- 7. Was the lowest bid selected? Yes No
- 8. If the answer to question 7 is no, or if the nature of the transaction was such that the lowest bid cannot be determined, please provide justification for selecting the bid.

Answer questions 9 through 12 only if there was no formal bidding process.

- 9. Explain why a bidding process was not used.

- 10. Was there an appraisal or opinion from an independent third party in connection with this transaction? Yes No If so, please attach any relevant documentation.
- 11. If the answer to question 10 is no, was there an internal evaluation of the consideration in this transaction? Yes No If so, please attach notes or memoranda of such internal valuation.
- 12. If the answer to questions 10 and 11 is no, how did you determine that a more advantageous transaction could not be obtained?

CERTIFICATION

Please indicate your opinion as follows:

Is the arrangement in the Corporation's best interest and for the Corporation's benefit?

Yes No

Is the arrangement fair and reasonable to the Corporation? Yes No

Do you believe that a more advantageous transaction could have been obtained with a person or entity not presenting a Conflict of Interest or a potential Conflict of Interest?

Yes No If yes, please explain:

Printed Name of Responsible Person

Signed

Date